Bowers Rock State Park – Project Alternatives

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- Fish use
- Restoration goals
- BRSP opportunities



ESA-listed Fish

Spring Chinook





NMFS listed Upper Willamette River spring Chinook and Upper Willamette River winter steelhead as threatened species in 1999

Winter Steelhead





Photo: Matt Stoecker

Bowers Rock Fish Use

Season	Site Name	Site Type	# NATIVE	# NON-NATIVE	TOTAL#	% NATIVE	% NON-NATIVE
Spring	Bowers Rock	Lake	2	371	373	1	99
Spring	Bowers Rock Slough	Slough connected	120	19	139	86	14
Summer	Bowers Rock Slough	Slough connected	58	31	89	65	35

			# NATIVE	# NON-NATIVE	#TOTAL	% SPECIES	% SPECIES
Season	Site Name	Site Type	SPECIES	SPECIES	SPECIES	NATIVE	NON-NATIVE
Spring	Bowers Rock	Lake	2	6	8	25	75
Spring	Bowers Rock Slough	Slough connected	6	5	11	55	45
Summer	Bowers Rock Slough	Slough connected	6	5	11	55	45

Fish Use in Reach

Site Name	Site Type	# NATIVE	# NON-NATIVE	TOTAL#	% NATIVE	% NON-NATIVE
Willamette River (Slice #152)	Mainstem	255	7	262	97	3
Willamette River (Slice #153)	Mainstem	270	4	274	99	1
Willamette River (Slice #155)	Mainstem	71	0	71	100	0
Willamette River (Slice #156)	Slough	20	13	33	61	39

		# NATIVE	# NON-NATIVE	#TOTAL	% SPECIES	% SPECIES
Site Name	Site Type	SPECIES	SPECIES	SPECIES	NATIVE	NON-NATIVE
Willamette River (Slice #152)	Mainstem	12	4	16	75	25
Willamette River (Slice #153)	Mainstem	13	2	15	87	13
Willamette River (Slice #155)	Mainstem	8	0	8	100	0
Willamette River (Slice #156)	Slough	6	4	10	60	40

Expected Native Fish Use at BSRP

- Seasonal off-channel rearing habitat for salmonids and other natives species
- Seasonal spawning habitat for native non-salmonid species
- Continued use by non-native species active during spring and summer
- Fish use patterns at similar nearby floodplain habitats expected at BSRP

BRSP Restoration Goals

- Goals to Address Limiting Factors
 - Improve off-channel habitat connections
 - Improve off-channel habitat conditions
 - Floodplain reforestation
 - Address invasive plant species



Opportunities Map



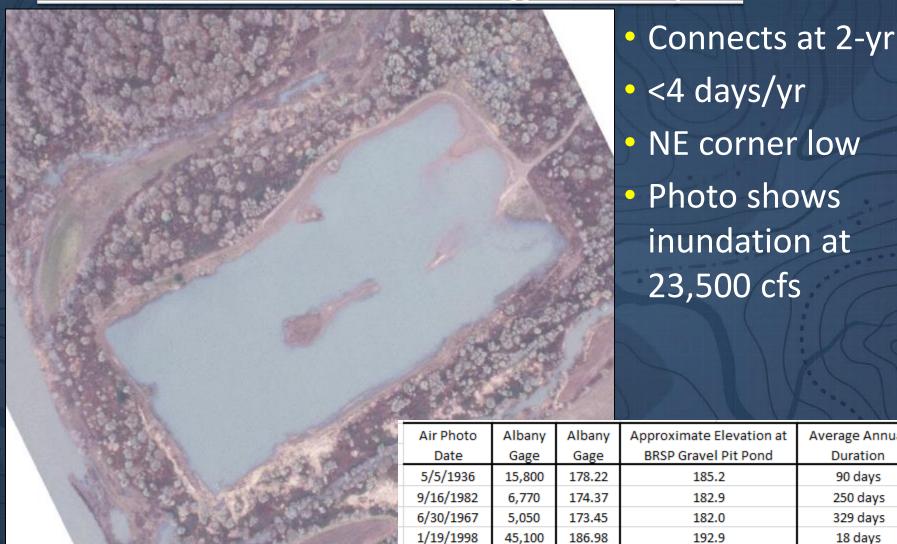
BRSP Gravel Pit Pond

- Hub City Concrete
 leased from Edholm
- Developed 1975
- 50 acre pit
- Gravel washed at ASG gravel pit pond
- ~ 1.95 mcy potential
- Purchased by Morse Bros. 1995
- Permit closed 2003





Air Photo and Discharge Analysis



2/3/2000

2/28/2012

2/9/1996

180.87

192.56

200.57

188.5

198.0

203

23,500

69,500

125,000

Average Annual

Duration

90 days

250 days

329 days

18 days

73 days

4 days

BRSP Gravel Pit Pond

- Goals
 - Improve seasonal fish access to floodplain habitats
 - Improve water quality
 - Reduce ponded water habitat
 - Increase riparian forest
 - Minimize effects to adjacent private land

Options

- Alt 1 Channel Outlet
- Alt 2 Flow-through Connection
- Alt 3 Floodplain Channel
- Alt 4 No Action

Alt 1 – Channel Outlet

- 1,550 ft channel
- Balance 12,000 cy
- Tie to Coon Creek

- 110 days/yr inundation
- Lowest cost (\$149k) and risk
- Least ecological benefit



Alt 2A – Flow-through Connection

- 2,010 ft channel
- Balance 32,000 cy
- Tie to Coon Creek

- 70-110 days/yr inundation
- Moderate cost (\$310k) and risk
- Moderate ecological benefit



Alt 2B – Flow-through Connection

- 1,830 ft channel
- Balance 26,000 cy
- Tie to Coon Creek

- 70-110 days/yr inundation
- Moderate cost (\$223k) and risk
- Moderate ecological benefit



<u>Alt 3 – Floodplain Channel</u>

- 3,740 ft channel
- Fill **345,000** cy
- Tie to Coon Creek

- 70-110 days/yr inundation
- High cost (\$4.6M) & moderate risk
- Greatest ecological benefit



Alternatives Comparison

Alternative	Cost	Risk	Ecological Benefit
Alt 1 – Outlet	\$150k	Low	Low
Alt 2A – FT Connection	\$310k	Moderate	Moderate
Alt 2B – FT Connection	\$223k	Moderate	Moderate
Alt 3 – FP Channel	\$4.6m	Moderate	High
Alt 4 – No Action	\$0	Low	Lowest

Construction Schedule

- Fill material to be generated on-site
- Import select materials not generated on-site (large rock, select rock, wood)

Alternative	Approximate Time to Complete	Truck Round Trips	
Alt 1 – Outlet	3 weeks	70	
Alt 2A – FT Connection	4 weeks	90	
Alt 2B – FT Connection	4 weeks	90	
Alt 3 – FP Channel	3 months	160	
Alt 4 – No Action	0	0	

Crossings

- East Slough 2 crossings
- West Slough 3 crossings
- Goals
 - Improve seasonal fish access to floodplain habitats
 - Improve water quality
- Options
 - Improve
 - Remove
 - No Action

East Slough

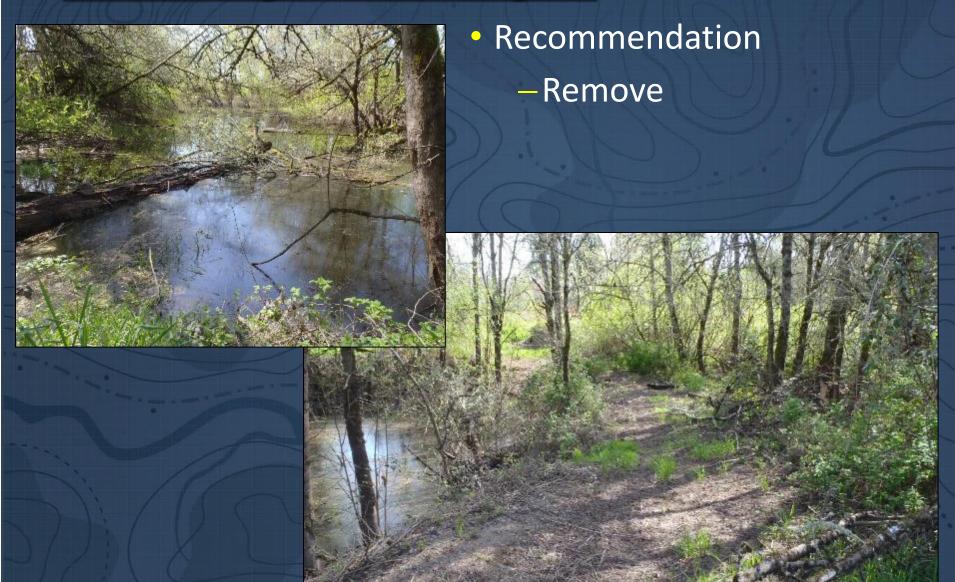
- Historical feature
- 1.75 mi long
- 2 crossings in BRSP
- Dense riparian
- Downed wood



East Slough – Crossing #1



East Slough - Crossing #2

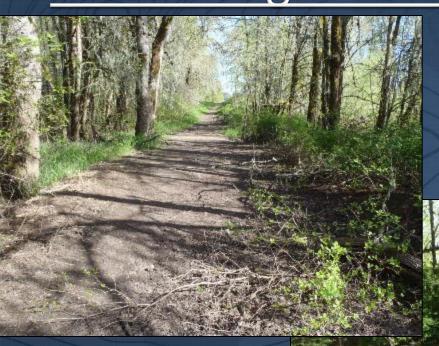


West Slough

- Historical feature
- ASG mine at head
- Reduced forest coverage
- Potentially ditched
- 3 crossings
- Connected to ASG gravel pit pond



West Slough – Crossing #1



- Recommendation
 - Improve with road surfacing, overflow

West Slough - Crossing #2



West Slough - Crossing #3



Crossing Alternatives – Cost Estimates

- Costs are estimated as "stand-alone" projects
- Costs reflect design/permitting/construction

Crossing	Improve	Remove	No Action
East Slough – Crossing 1	\$59k	\$37k	\$0
East Slough – Crossing 2	\$48k	\$30k	\$0
West Slough – Crossing 1	\$15k	N/A	\$0
West Slough – Crossing 2	\$22k	\$15k	\$0
West Slough – Crossing 3	\$19k	\$12k	\$0

<u>Summary</u>

- Project goals
 - Improve connectivity and water quality to benefit native species.
- Native fish use expected in winter and spring
- Increase flow-through, reduce ponded habitats
- Recommendations
 - Gravel pit pond: Alt 2B Flow-through Channel
 - East Slough: Improve Xing 1, Remove Xing 2
 - West Slough: Improve Xing 1, Remove Xing 2 and 3